AAO Foundation Award Final Report

Principal Investigator	Greg King
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Secondary Investigators	
Award Type	Biomedical Research
Project Title	The Measurement of Acid and Alkaline Phosphatase in G.C.F. during
	Orthodontic Tooth Movement.
Project Year	1995
Institution	University of Florida
Summary/Abstract	This study examines acid and alkaline phosphatase activities in gingiva
(250 word maximum)	crevicular fluid (GCF) to
	learn if bone turnover dynamics can be monitored in human subjects
	during orthodontic tooth movement. Three female subjects were
	followed longitudinally assessing tooth movement, plaque and
	inflammation. One randomly selected premolar served as the control
	and was not treated, while the other was moved buccally with 100
	grams. GCF was collected weekly and assayed for phosphatases. Alkaline phosphatase peaked between the first and third weeks
	followed by an increase in acid phosphatase between the third and
	sixth weeks. After the first week, tooth movement averaged .09 mm.
	Minimal additional movement occurred during the next 3 weeks followed
	By 1.4 mm during weeks 4-6. Thirty additional patients, randomly
	divided into headgear/bite plate, bionator and control groups were
	also sampled cross-sectionally at the maxillary first molars. GCF
	phosphatase activities were assessed as functions of location on the
	tooth, treatment modality, duration of treatment, gingival
	inflammation and plaque accumulation. The plaque index did not
	show a relationship to either acid or alkaline phosphatase activity on
	the mesial or distal in treated groups. However, alkaline phosphatase
	increased with inflammation on the distal in treated groups and acid
	phosphatase was consistently higher on the mesial than on the distal
	in the treatment groups. Alternating peaks of acid and alkaline
	phosphatase were found in GCF of treated teeth as a function of
	treatment duration. The timing and sequence of these changes suggest that alveolar bone remodeling is detected in GCF with bone
	remodeling cycles taking place continuously and repeating
	approximately every four to five months.
	This work supported by AAOF and NIH/NIDR DE08659.
Were the original, specific	Yes.
aims of the proposal	
realized?	
Were the results published?	Yes. AJODO 109(3):287-96
If not, are there plans to	
publish? If not, why not?	
Have the results of this	Yes. IADR
proposal been presented?	
If so, when and where? If	
not, are there plans to do	
so? If not, why not?	